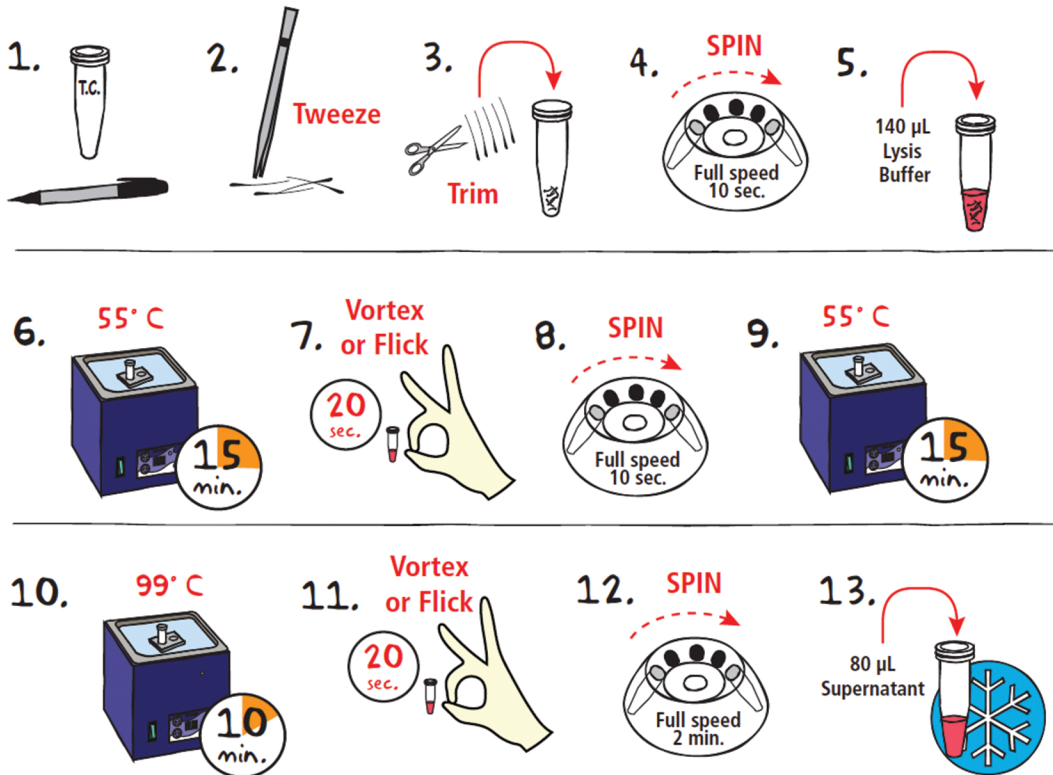


Isolation of Human DNA from Hair



Warning!

Students should use screw-cap tubes when boiling samples.

IMPORTANT:

For best results, harvest hairs from the scalp. The root structure from these hairs will be thicker and will yield more DNA than those from the eyebrow.



- LABEL** a 1.5 mL screw top microcentrifuge tube with your initials.
- Using tweezers, **GRASP** 2-3 hair shafts at the base and **PULL** quickly. **COLLECT** at least 5 hairs that include the root and the sheath (a sticky barrel-shaped layer of cells that encircles the root end of the hair).
- Using a clean scalpel or scissors, **TRIM** away any extra hair from the root (leave about 1 cm in length from the root). **TRANSFER** the roots to the labeled tube using forceps.
- CAP** the tube and **CENTRIFUGE** the sample for 10 seconds at full speed to collect the roots at the bottom of the tube.
- ADD** 140 µL lysis buffer to the tube. For best results, completely **IMMERSE** the follicles in the solution.
- CAP** the tube and **PLACE** it in a water bath float. **INCUBATE** the sample in a 55° C water bath for 15 min.
- MIX** the sample by vortexing or flicking the tube vigorously for 20 seconds.
- CENTRIFUGE** the sample for 10 seconds at full speed to collect the roots at the bottom of the tube.
- INCUBATE** the sample at 55° C for an additional 15 min.
- MOVE** the sample to a 99° C water bath. **INCUBATE** for 10 min. Be sure to use screw-cap tubes when boiling samples.
- MIX** the sample by vortexing or flicking the tube vigorously for 20 seconds.
- CENTRIFUGE** the cellular lysate for 2 min. at low speed (6000 rpm).
- TRANSFER** 80 µL of the supernatant to a clean, labeled microcentrifuge tube. **PLACE** tube in ice.
- PROCEED** to Module II: Amplification of the Mitochondrial Regions.

STEPS 7 & 11:

If a vortex is not available, mix samples by flicking the tube vigorously for 20 seconds.



OPTIONAL STOPPING POINT:

The supernatant may be stored at -20° C for amplification at a later time.